

Recent Theoretical Advances in Nuclear Cluster Physics

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CONTENT

The situation of alpha cluster states in ^{12}C

The situation in ^{16}O and heavier

Monopole transitions and alpha clustering in ^{16}O , etc.

Extension of THSR to include valence neutrons

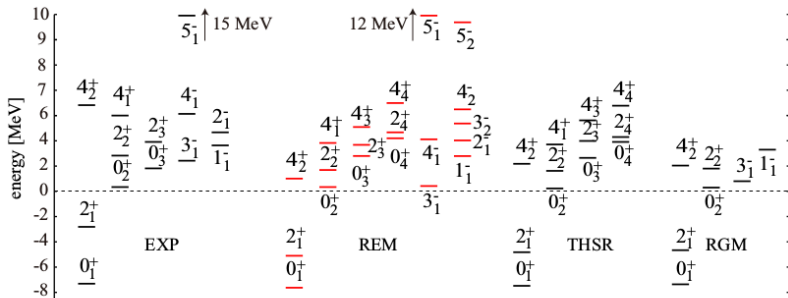
Alpha condensation in infinite matter

Alpha decay of ^{212}Po

Alpha-rings

Conclusions

Hoyle family



arXiv:1802.03523, to appear [Maasaki KIMURA](#); [Yasuro FUNAKI](#) PRC 92, 021302; **C. Kurokawa, K. Kato: 3rd and 4th 0^+ states**, NPA 792, 87

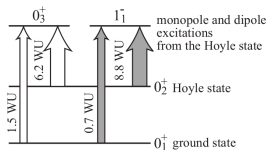
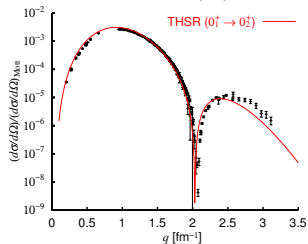
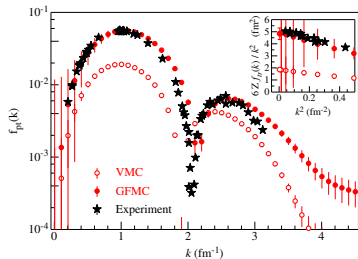


FIG. 9. Excitation modes of the Hoyle state are schematically shown. Arrows show the monopole and dipole transitions.

Transition probabilities

Inelastic form factor to Hoyle state (Funaki et al.); very good agreement with data with no adjustable parameter! THSR and GFMC; Los Alamos, Pieper et al.



Very sensitive to size of Hoyle state! $\frac{V_{\text{Hoyle}}}{V_{\text{g.s.}}} \sim 4$

Yasuro FUNAKI et al., Phys. Scripta 91, 123001 (2016).

Kazuo Utsunomiya, Takashi Neff et al.

Freer et al., also Cseh, but P. O. Hess: Pauli very important!!

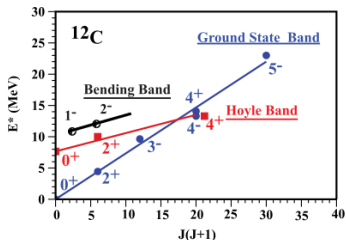
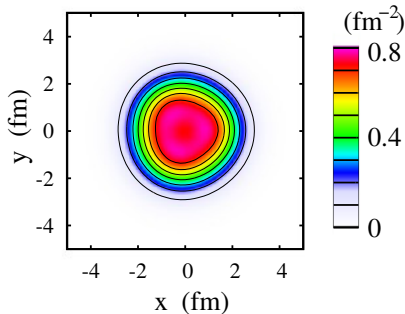


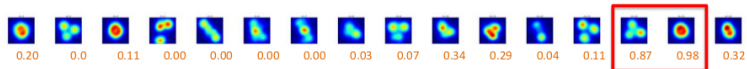
FIG. 4 (color online). Rotational band structure of the ground-state band, the Hoyle band, and the bending vibration in ^{12}C .

AMD, from Kanada-En'yo:

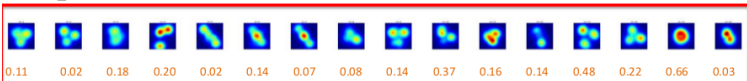


T. Otsuka et al.: No core SM

- 0_{-1}^+ : Concentrated in 14th (3 clusters) & 15th (compact shape) groups



- 0_{+2}^+ : Scattered among all groups → Gas-like state?



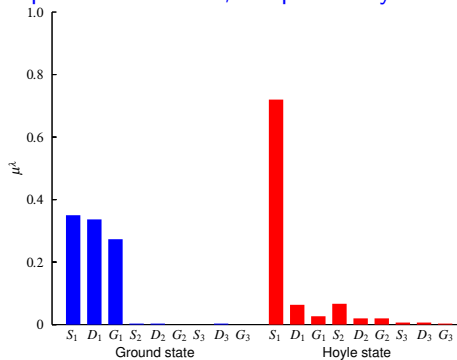
also J. Draayer et al., K. Launey No inelastic form factor so far!

Radius of second 2^+ state in ^{12}C : Makoto ITO: to appear in PRC

Thus, the 1 fm enhancement in the nuclear radius in $^{12}\text{C}(2_2^+)$ is exotic phenomena, which occurs in much lower excitation energy than the neutron-excess nucleus.

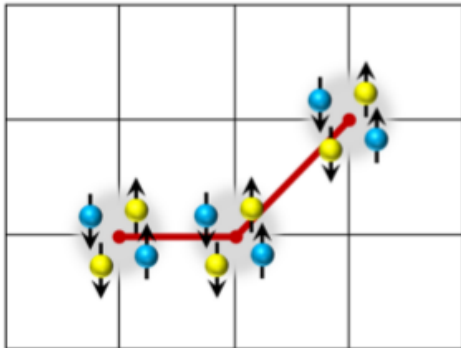
future studies. Since the experimental information of the differential cross section of the 2_2^+ channel is still insufficient, the measurement of the differential cross section of the excited state at $E_x \sim 10$ MeV and careful MDA to separate the 2_2^+ component should be extended over a wide angle and energy region.

Alpha condensation, 3-alpha decay out of Hoyle: S. Ishikawa



S-wave dominance: 80 percent

Meissner et al., PRL 109, 252501 Lattice QMC; lattice spacing: 2fm



Yasuro FUNAKI: [extended THSR for 4 alpha's in 16O](#), PRC 97, 021304.
 experimental problem with 6-th $^+0$ state around 15.1 MeV

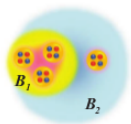
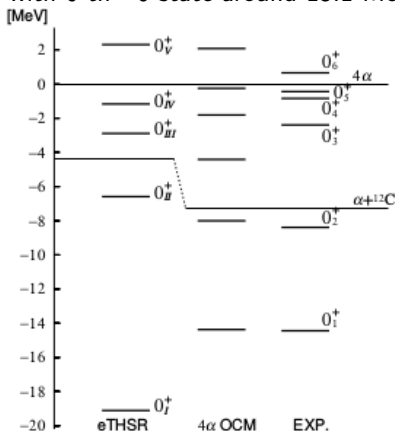
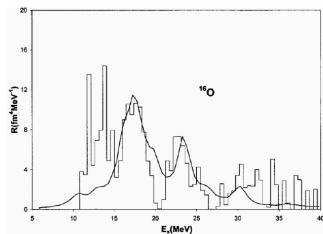
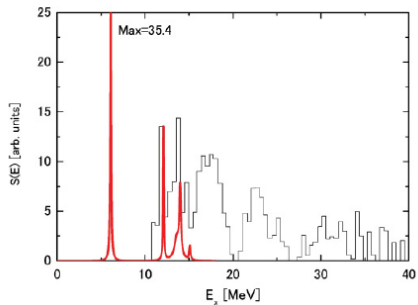


FIG. 2. Energy spectra of the low-lying $J^\pi = 0^+$ states calculated with the extended THSR ansatzes. The corresponding observed spectrum (Exp.) [36] and result by the 4 α OCM [9] are also shown. The 0_4^+ state in experiment is taken from Ref. [37].

$$|\text{THSR} - 16\text{O}\rangle = \alpha^+ \alpha^+ \alpha^+ \alpha^+ |\text{vacuum}\rangle$$

Taiichi YAMADA: Monopole transitions in ^{16}O :

TAIICHI YAMADA *et al.*



THSR extension to alpha-clusters plus valence neutrons: M. Lyu et al.

New cluster approach on properties of $8-11\text{Be}$ isotopes with
isospin-dependent spin-orbit potential

Neutron separation of 8-11Be

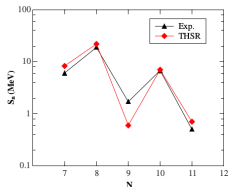


FIG. 3. The one-neutron separation energies S_n of $6-11\text{Be}$ isotopes. "THSR" denotes calculated results with the THSR wave function and "Exp" denotes the experimental values from Ref. [38].

PRC 93, 054308 (2017)

M. Kimura: 14, 16C, chain states

We also need the in-medium four-body Schrödinger equation for the order parameter, in analogy with the pairing case shown in Eq. (4) in the previous section. It is given by

$$\varepsilon_{1234} \langle c_4 c_3 c_2 c_1 \rangle + \sum_{1'2'3'4'} V_{1234;1'2'3'4'} \langle c_4 c_3 c_2 c_1 \rangle = 0, \quad (12)$$

where

$$V_{1234;1'2'3'4'} = (1 - \rho_1 - \rho_2) \frac{1}{2} \bar{v}_{12;1'2'} \delta_{33'} \delta_{44'} + (1 - \rho_1 - \rho_3) \times \frac{1}{2} \bar{v}_{13;1'3'} \delta_{22'} \delta_{44'} + \text{permutations}. \quad (13)$$

TAKAAKI SOGO, GERD RÖPKE, AND PETER SCHUCK

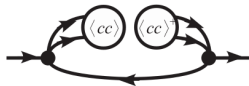


FIG. 1. Graphic representation of the BCS mass operator in Eq. (2).

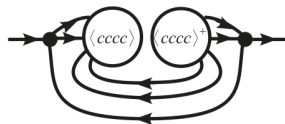
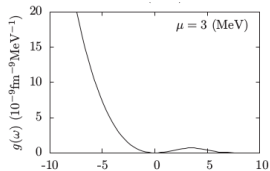
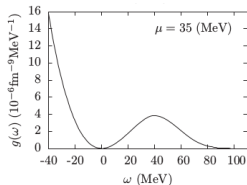
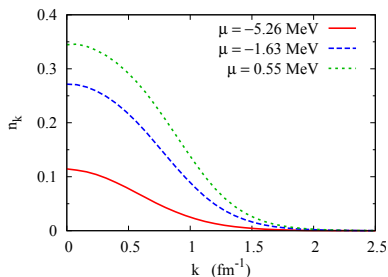


FIG. 4. Graphical representation of the approximate α -BEC mass operator M^{quasi} of Eq. (17).



Quantum Phase Transition in infinite matter and 16O

Lazauskas, Sogo et al., PRC 79, 051301



PHYSICAL REVIEW C 79, 051301(R) (2009)

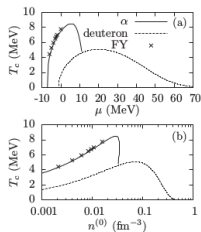
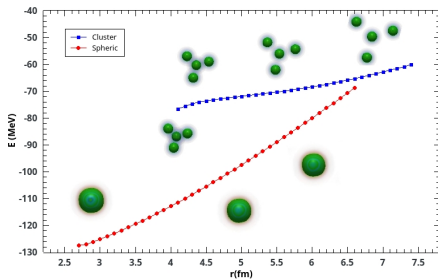


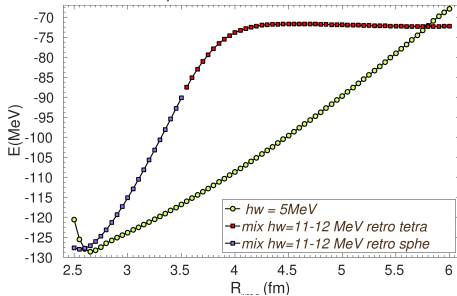
FIG. 2. Critical temperature of α and deuteron condensations as functions of (a) chemical potential and (b) density of free nucleon, derived from Eq. (4) for the α particle and Eq. (11) for the deuteron. Crosses (\times) correspond to calculations of Eq. (1) with the Malfliet-Tjon interaction (MT I-III) using the FY method.

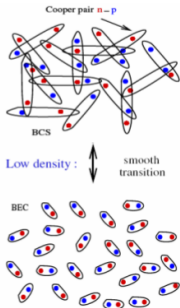
QPT in finite nuclei

Gogny force D1S, M. Girod;



'RMF', JP. Ebran





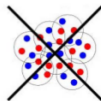
High Density
 n-p Cooper pairs
 Strongly overlapping
 not Bosons



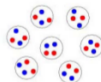
α - Particles
 Only Exist
 in Low Density
 BEC Phase

gas of Deuterons
 - Bosons

Quartetting



No BCS phase (dense phase) of
 α -particles possible!



Bose-Einstein-Condensation of
 α -particles (dilute)

Alpha pocket at the surface of ^{208}Pb

Chang Xu, G. Roepke et al., PRC 95;

Double folding: Adamian et al., PRC 94

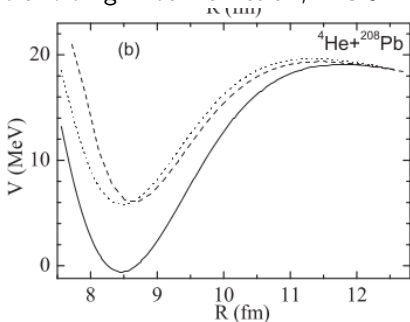
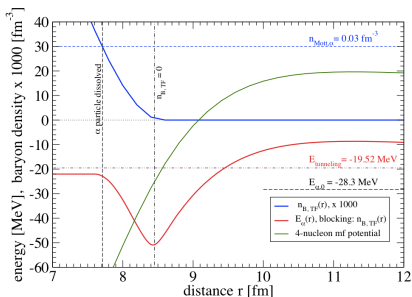


FIG. 13. The same as in Fig. 12, but for the asymmetric reactions indicated. The dotted line is obtained with the same parameters as the solid line, but with $a = 0.39$ fm for ^4He .

Future challenge: alpha decay of deformed ^{226}Ra

Alpha-ring: M. Girod et al., J.Phys. G 37, 064012 (2010)
7-alpha ring measured?? **Nature-article:** Natowitz et al.

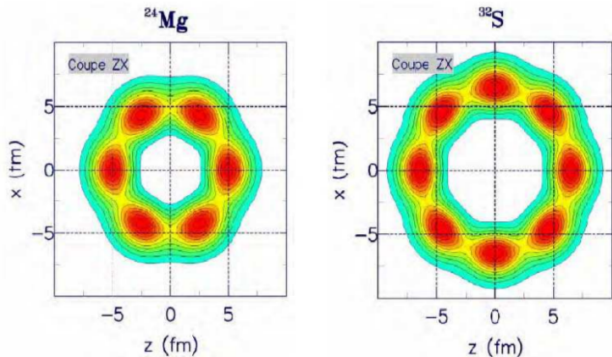


Figure 1. Left (right) panel shows the 6α (8α) ring structure in ^{24}Mg (^{32}S) with constrained HFB calculations [28].

Conclusions

Immense activity in nuclear cluster physics

Mostly for self-conjugate nuclei but also with valence neutrons (protons)

Progress with Hoyle family of states in ^{12}C

Some progress with alpha gas states in ^{16}O but experimental ambiguities with sixth zero plus state at about 15.1 MeV

Alpha-condensation is a Quantum-Phase-transition

Alpha-decay ^{212}Po

Alpha rings

Alpha Cluster Condensation in ^{12}C and ^{16}O

A. Tohsaki,¹ H. Horiuchi,² P. Schuck,³ and G. Röpke⁴

All started with this....

THANK YOU!