## $ext{EXAM-2} - v1$ PHYS 201 (Fall 2007), 10/09/07

Name:		
Lab-Sect. no.:		

Signature:

Duration: 75 minutes

Show all your work for full/partial credit!

Include the correct units in your final answers for full credit!

Unless otherwise stated, quote your results in SI units!

1.) Multiple Choice (18 pts.)

For each statement below, circle the correct answer (TRUE or FALSE, no reasoning required).

(a) In circular motion, a centripetal force does nonzero work.

TRUE FALSE

(b) In satellite motion, for a fixed radius of a stable orbit, the speed of the satellite can only assume one value.

TRUE FALSE

(c) If a nonzero net work is done on an object, the speed of that object must change.

TRUE FALSE

(d) For a nonconservative force, it is possible to define a corresponding potential energy.

TRUE FALSE

(e) If a tennis ball hits a wall head on and bounces back elastically, the magnitude of the momentum transfer on the ball is larger than the magnitude of its momentum before the collision.

TRUE FALSE

(f) In 3 spatial dimensions, the conservation of linear momentum in a collision provides 3 equations for the velocity components of the in- and outgoing particles.

TRUE FALSE

No.	Points
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
Sum	

2.) Circular Motion (14 pts.)

A train drives through a flat curve at constant speed. A bag of weight 16N, suspended from the luggage compartment by a cord, is found to hang at rest relative to the train, but with the cord making an angle of  $35^{\circ}$  relative to the vertical. In this position, the bag is 105m from the center of the circle which it describes.

- (a) What is the tension in the cord?
- (b) What is the speed of the train?

## 3.) Nonconservative Work

(21 pts.)

A factory worker is standing on a loading deck, which is connected to the ground by a 2.5m long ramp running down at an inclination angle of  $32^{\circ}$  relative to the horizontal. The worker puts a box of weight 370N at the top of the ramp. The box starts from rest and slides down to the bottom of the ramp. The kinetic friction coefficient between box and ramp is  $\mu_k=0.28$ .

- (a) What is the work done on the box by the friction force?
- (b) What is the work done on the box by the gravitational force?
- (c) What is the speed of the box at the bottom?

## 4.) Collision and Energy Loss

(16 pts.)

A bullett of mass 6.7g and horizontal velocity 530m/s is fired into a block of wood (mass 1.8kg) which is initially at rest on a horizontal frictionless surface. The bullett penetrates the block and emerges with a horizontal velocity of 85m/s.

- (a) What is the velocity of the block after the collision?
- (b) How much energy has been dissipated due to the deformation in the block?

5.) Inelastic Collision (16+1 pts.)

A car (mass 1200kg) and a truck (mass 2900kg) collide at an intersection. Initially, the car has been going due north at unknown speed, while the truck has been going due west at a speed of 42mph. After the collision, the vehicles are stuck together, sliding off from the collision point at an angle of  $38^{\circ}$  north of west. (1m/s=2.25mph)

- (a) What is speed of the stuck-together vehicles right after they collide?
- (b) What was the initial speed of the car? Did it violate the speed limit of 45mph?

## 6.) Energy and Momentum Conservation

(14 pts.)

Two masses (1kg and 2kg) are pressed against opposite ends of a massless spring of force constant 3N/cm, compressing the spring by 15cm relative to its uncompressed state. The system is then released from rest. Neglect friction.

- (a) How much potential energy is initially stored in the spring?
- (b) What are the speeds of mass 1 and mass 2 after moving free of the spring?