

FINAL EXAM (v1)

PHYS 201 (Spring 2007), 05/04/07

Name:

Lab-Sect. no.:

Signature:

Duration: 120 minutes

Show all your work for full/partial credit!

Include the correct units in your final answers for full credit!

Unless otherwise stated, quote your results in SI units!

1.) *Multiple Choice*

(14 pts.)

For each statement below, circle the correct answer (TRUE or FALSE, no reasoning required).

- (a) In projectile motion, the acceleration of the object keeps changing.
 TRUE FALSE

- (b) If the speed of an object changes, a nonzero net force is acting on that object.
 TRUE FALSE

- (c) If the speed of an object is constant, there is no net force acting on the object.
 TRUE FALSE

- (d) A potential energy must be based on a conservative force.
 TRUE FALSE

- (e) If in a 2-body collision momentum is conserved, kinetic energy must also be conserved.
 TRUE FALSE

- (f) In the 1. law of thermodynamics, positive work done by a gas requires the gas to expand.
 TRUE FALSE

- (g) If the internal energy of an ideal gas increases, the average speed of the gas molecules decreases.
 TRUE FALSE

No.	Points
1	
2	
3	
4	
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6	
7	
8	
9	
Sum	

2.) *Projectile Motion*

(12 pts.)

A boy is throwing a baseball with initial speed of 22m/s toward a tall vertical building which is 38m away. The baseball hits the building after 2.8s . Ignore air resistance and assume the baseball to be launched from ground level.

- (a) What is the launch angle of the baseball?
- (b) What is the maximal height reached by the ball, and what is its acceleration at that point?
- (c) How high above the ground does the ball strike the building and how fast is the ball at that moment?

3.) *Newton's 2. Law of Motion*

(12 pts.)

A truck is carrying a cargo box placed on its loading deck. The coefficient of static friction between the box and the bed surface is 0.45. On a horizontal road, the truck starts from rest and accelerates uniformly to 65mph . ($1\text{m/s}=2.25\text{mph}$).

- (a) Draw a free-body diagram of the box during the acceleration process.
- (b) What is the maximal acceleration the truck can have without the box starting to slide?
- (c) What is the shortest time for the truck to reach 65mph without the box starting to slide?

4.) *Energy and Momentum Conservation*

(10 pts.)

A cart of mass 2.2kg is pressed against another cart of mass 1kg with a spring in between them compressed by 25cm from its relaxed state. The spring constant is 9.1N/m . The carts are released on a horizontal frictionless table. Calculate the speed of each cart once it has moved free from the spring.

5.) *Angular Momentum Conservation*

(12 pts.)

A professor is sitting on a frictionless rotating stool. He holds a pair of dumbbells at a distance of $1.1m$ from the axis of rotation. The dumbbells have a mass of $6kg$ each, and the moment of inertia of the professor is $7kg\ m^2$. The initial rotation frequency is $0.75Hz$.

- (a) Calculate the initial angular momentum of the system.
- (b) Now the professor pulls the dumbbells closer to the axis, to a distance of $0.25m$ (assume the moment of inertia of the professor to be constant). What is the final angular speed of the system?
- (c) Calculate the initial and final kinetic energy of the system. If they are different, why?

6.) *Interference*

(8 pts.)

Two small loudspeakers are each emitting a pure tone of frequency 800Hz in phase (or in step). Originally, the speakers are at the same position, 6.5m away from the ear of a person. Then, one of the speakers is slowly moved away from the person, by an increasing distance d . ($v_{\text{sound}} = 343\text{m/s}$)

- (a) At what distance d does the sound first produce a destructive interference at the position of the person's ear?
- (b) At what distance $d > 0$ does the sound produce again a constructive interference at the position of the person's ear?

7.) *Archimedes' Principle*

(10 pts.)

An ore sample which looks like gold from the outside has a mass of 2.5kg . The sample is suspended by a light and thin cord and completely immersed into water. The tension in the cord is measured to be 21.1N .
($\rho_{\text{water}} = 1000\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$, $\rho_{\text{gold}} = 19300\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$)

- (a) What is the volume of the sample?
- (b) What is the density of the sample? Is it solid gold?

8.) *Heat Transfer*

(10 pts.)

A cooking pot with a circular steel bottom of radius 18cm and thickness 0.7cm rests on a hot stove plate. The water inside the pot is at the boiling point ($T = 100^\circ\text{C}$) and evaporates at a rate of $0.12\text{kg}/\text{min}$. [latent heat of vaporization for water: $L_V = 2.256 \times 10^6\text{J}/\text{kg}$, thermal conductivity of steel: $\kappa_{\text{steel}} = 50.2\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K}^\circ)$]

- (a) How much thermal power flows into the water?
- (b) What is the temperature at the lower surface of the pot (which is in contact with the stove plate)?

9.) *First Law of Thermodynamics and Ideal Gas*

(12 pts.)

120 moles of an ideal gas are held in a cylinder at a constant pressure of $2.7 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$. The gas is cooled and compressed from 2.1 m^3 to 1.6 m^3 .

- (a) By how much did the internal energy of the gas change (include the correct sign!)?
- (b) How much work has been done on the gas (include the correct sign!)?
- (c) How much heat has been extracted from the gas?